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Data obtained through Sentinel are intended to complement other types of evidence such as preclinical studies, clinical trials, postmarket studies, and adverse event reports, all of which are used by FDA to inform regulatory decisions regarding medical product safety. The information contained in this report is provided as part of FDA's commitment to place knowledge acquired from Sentinel in the public domain as soon as possible. Any public health actions taken by FDA regarding products involved in Sentinel queries will continue to be communicated through existing channels.

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The following report contains a description of the request, request specifications, and results from the modular program run(s).

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Overview

Date Run: January 22, 2018

Request Description: The purpose of this report was to compare the frequency of diagnoses for acute myocardial infarction using International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) versus International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) diagnosis codes. ICD-10-CM code definitions were determined from an algorithm and by mapping from ICD-9-CM code definitions using the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) General Equivalence Mappings (GEMs). Simple forward mapping (SFM) and Forward-backward mapping (FBM) was used to map ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM codes.

Sentinel Routine Querying Module: Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) module, version 5.1.1

<u>Data Source:</u> This request was run against data from 14 Data Partners contributing to the Sentinel Distributed Database (SDD). Data from October 1, 2010 to December 31, 2016 were included in this report. The report includes three separate time periods: 1) October 1, 2010 to December 31, 2016; 2) April 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014; and 3) April 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016. This request was distributed to Data Partners on January 22, 2018. See Appendix A for a list of dates of available data for each Data Partner.

Study Design: We examined the incidence and prevalence of acute myocardial infarction across the ICD-9-CM era (October 2010 - September 2015) and ICD-10-CM era (October 2015 - December 2016) in the United States. Incidence was additionally evaluated from April 2014 to December 2014 and April 2016 to December 2016. See Appendix B for specific codes used to define acute myocardial infarction in this request.

Cohort Eligibility Criteria: The following age groups were included in the cohort: 0-17, 18-49, 50-64, and 65+ years.

<u>Incident Cohorts:</u> Members included in the incident cohorts were required to be continuously enrolled in health plans with medical coverage for at least 183 days prior to acute myocardial infarction diagnosis, during which gaps in coverage of up to 45 days were allowed. Incident acute myocardial infarctions were defined as no previous acute myocardial infarction diagnosis in the 183 days preceding the index date with respect to ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM codes.

<u>Prevalent Cohorts:</u> There was no enrollment time requirement for members in the prevalent cohorts. All qualifying diagnosis codes that occurred between October 1, 2010 and December 31, 2016 were included.

Please see Appendix C for detailed specifications of parameters used in the analyses for this request.

<u>Limitations:</u> Algorithms used to define outcomes are imperfect; thus, it is possible that there may be misclassification. Therefore, data should be interpreted with this limitation in mind.

<u>Notes:</u> Please contact the Sentinel Operations Center (info@sentinelsystem.org) for questions and to provide comments/suggestions for future enhancements to this document.

¹Fung, K. W., et al. (2016). "Preparing for the ICD-10-CM Transition: Automated Methods for Translating ICD Codes in Clinical Phenotype Definitions." EGEMS (Wash DC) 4(1): 1211.



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Glossary of Terms for Analyses Using Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) Module*

Amount Supplied - number of units (pills, tablets, vials) dispensed. Net amount per NDC per dispensing.

Blackout Period - number of days at the beginning of a treatment episode that events are to be ignored. If an event occurs during the blackout period, the episode is excluded.

Care Setting - type of medical encounter or facility where the exposure, event, or condition code was recorded. Possible care settings include: Inpatient Hospital Stay (IP), Non-Acute Institutional Stay (IS), Emergency Department (ED), Ambulatory Visit (AV), and Other Ambulatory Visit (OA). For laboratory results, possible care settings include: Emergency Department (E), Home (H), Inpatient (I), Outpatient (O), or Unknown or Missing (U). The Care Setting, along with the Principal Diagnosis Indicator, forms the Care Setting/PDX parameter.

Ambulatory Visit (AV) - includes visits at outpatient clinics, same-day surgeries, urgent care visits, and other same-day ambulatory hospital encounters, but excludes emergency department encounters.

Emergency Department (ED) - includes ED encounters that become inpatient stays (in which case inpatient stays would be a separate encounter). Excludes urgent care visits.

Inpatient Hospital Stay (IP) - includes all inpatient stays, same-day hospital discharges, hospital transfers, and acute hospital care where the discharge is after the admission date.

Non-Acute Institutional Stay (IS) - includes hospice, skilled nursing facility (SNF), rehab center, nursing home, residential, overnight non-hospital dialysis and other non-hospital stays.

Other Ambulatory Visit (OA) - includes other non overnight AV encounters such as hospice visits, home health visits, skilled nursing facility visits, other non-hospital visits, as well as telemedicine, telephone and email consultations.

Cohort Definition (drug/exposure) - indicates how the cohort will be defined: 01: Cohort includes only the first valid treatment episode during the query period; 02: Cohort includes all valid treatment episodes during the query period; 03: Cohort includes all valid treatment episodes during the query period until an event occurs.

Days Supplied - number of days supplied for all dispensings in qualifying treatment episodes.

Eligible Members - number of members eligible for an incident treatment episode (defined by the drug/exposure and event washout periods) with drug and medical coverage during the query period.

Enrollment Gap - number of days allowed between two consecutive enrollment periods without breaking a "continuously enrolled" sequence.

Episodes - treatment episodes; length of episode is determined by days supplied in one dispensing or consecutive dispensings bridged by the episode gap.

Episode Gap - number of days allowed between two (or more) consecutive exposures (dispensings/procedures) to be considered the same treatment episode.

Event Deduplication - specifies how events are counted by the MP algorithm: 0: Counts all occurrences of an HOI during an exposure episode; 1: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI code and code type on the same day; 2: de-duplicates occurrences of the same HOI group on the same day (e.g., de-duplicates at the group level).

Exposure Episode Length - number of days after exposure initiation that is considered "exposed time."

Exposure Extension Period - number of days post treatment period in which the outcomes/events are counted for a treatment episode. Extensions days are added after any episode gaps have been bridged

Lookback Period - number of days wherein a member is required to have evidence of pre-existing condition (diagnosis/procedure/drug dispensing).

Maximum Episode Duration - truncates exposure episodes after a requester-specified number of exposed days. Applied after any gaps are bridged and extension days added to the length of the exposure episode.



Member-Years - sum of all days of enrollment with medical and drug coverage in the query period preceded by an exposure washout period all divided by 365.25.

Minimum Days Supplied - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the days supplied for the episode to be considered.

Minimum Episode Duration - specifies a minimum number of days in length of the episode for it to be considered. Applied after any gaps are bridged and extension days added to the length of the exposure episode.

Monitoring Period - used to define time periods of interest for both sequential analysis and simple cohort characterization requests.

Principal Diagnosis (PDX) - diagnosis or condition established to be chiefly responsible for admission of the patient to the hospital. 'P' = principal diagnosis, 'S' = secondary diagnosis, 'X' = unspecified diagnosis, '.' = blank. Along with the Care Setting values, forms the Caresetting/PDX parameter.

Query Period - period in which the modular program looks for exposures and outcomes of interest.

Treatment Episode Truncation Indicator - indicates whether the exposure episode will be truncated at the occurrence of a requester-specified code.

Washout Period (drug/exposure) - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of prior exposure (drug dispensing/procedure) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

Washout Period (event/outcome) - number of days a user is required to have no evidence of a prior event (procedure/diagnosis) and continuous drug and medical coverage prior to an incident treatment episode.

Years at Risk - number of days supplied plus any episode gaps and exposure extension periods all divided by 365.25.

*all terms may not be used in this report



Table 1. Comparison of Incident* Acute Myocardial Infarction Diagnoses in the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Eras (April 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014 and April 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016)

	Members with	Eligible	Members with Diagnosis per 1,000	
	Diagnosis	Members	Eligible Members	
Acute Myocardial Infarction				
ICD-9-CM: April 1, 2014 - December 31, 2014				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	53,363	72,946,506	0.73	
ICD-10-CM: Algorithm: January 1, 2016 - March 31, 2016				
	54,291	73,878,893	0.73	
ICD-10-CM: Simple Forward Mapping: January 1, 2016 - March	31, 2016			
	52,827	73,879,645	0.72	
ICD-10-CM: Forward-Backward Mapping: January 1, 2016 - Mar	ch 31, 2016			
	54.291	73.878.296	0.73	

^{*}Incidence defined by a 183 day washout



Figure 1. Incidence of Acute Myocardial Infarction Diagnoses per 1,000 Eligible Members from October 2010 - December 2016 by Code Type, 183-Day Washout

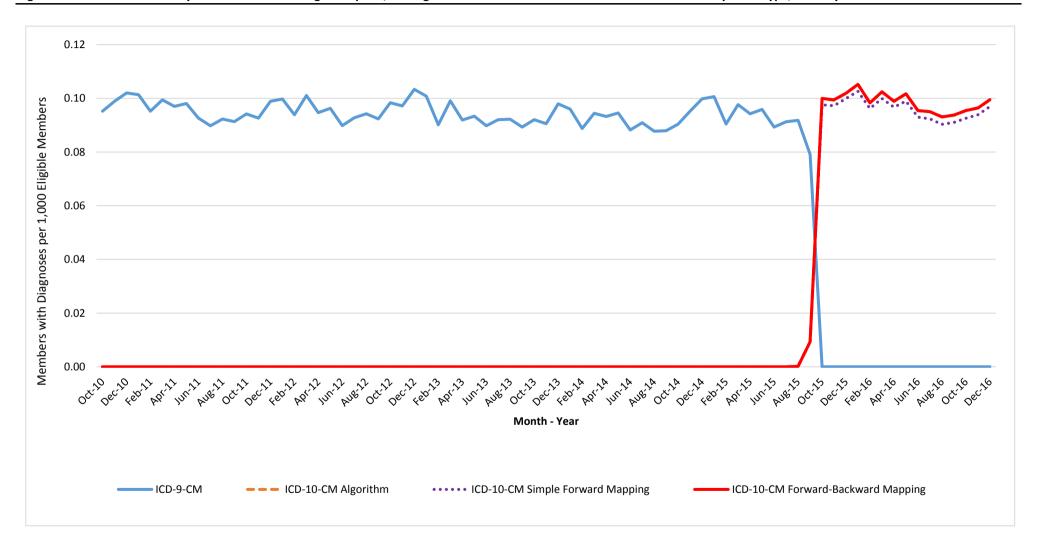
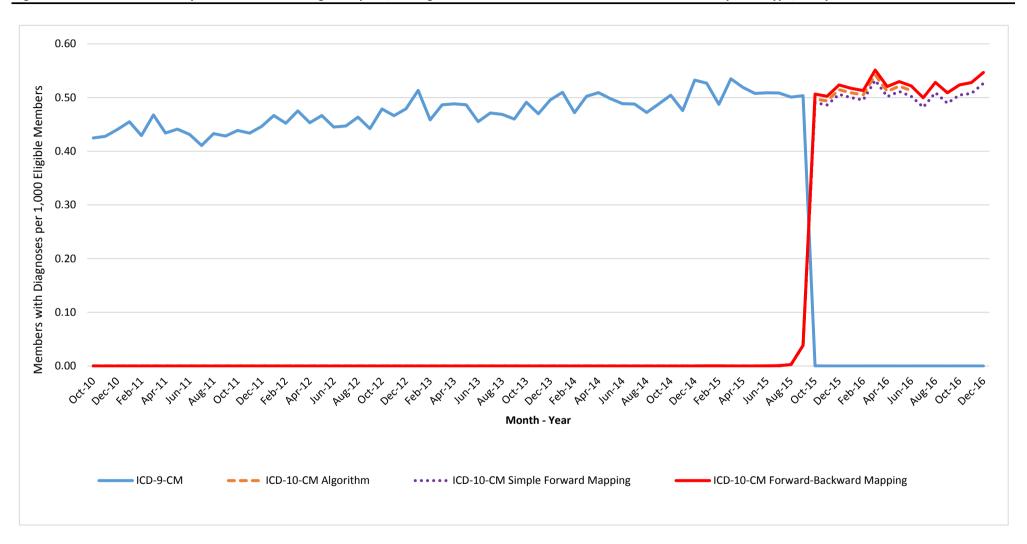




Figure 2. Prevalence of Acute Myocardial Infarction Diagnoses per 1,000 Eligible Members from October 2010 - December 2016 by Code Type, 0-Day Washout





Appendix A. Dates of Available Data for Each Data Partner as of Request Distribution Date (January 22, 2018)

DP ID	Start Date ¹	End Date ¹
DP001	01/01/2005	08/25/2017
DP002	01/01/2000	07/31/2017
DP003	01/01/2000	12/31/2016
DP004	01/01/2008	06/30/2017
DP005	01/01/2000	06/30/2017
DP006	01/01/2006	04/30/2017
DP007	01/01/2004	07/31/2017
DP008	01/01/2000	07/31/2017
DP009	01/01/2000	07/31/2017
DP010	01/01/2000	08/31/2017
DP011	01/01/2008	12/31/2016
DP012	01/01/2000	01/31/2017
DP013	06/01/2007	04/30/2017
DP014	01/01/2012	06/30/2016

¹The start and end dates are based on the minimum and maximum dates within each DP. The month with the maximum date must have at least 80% of the number of records in the previous month.



Appendix B. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Diagnosis Codes Used to Define Acute Myocardial Infarction

Code	Description	Code Type			
	ICD-9-CM				
410.00	Acute myocardial infarction of anterolateral wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.01	Acute myocardial infarction of anterolateral wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.10	Acute myocardial infarction of other anterior wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.11	Acute myocardial infarction of other anterior wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.20	Acute myocardial infarction of inferolateral wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.21	Acute myocardial infarction of inferolateral wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.30	Acute myocardial infarction of inferoposterior wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.31	Acute myocardial infarction of inferoposterior wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.40	Acute myocardial infarction of other inferior wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.41	Acute myocardial infarction of other inferior wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.50	Acute myocardial infarction of other lateral wall, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.51	Acute myocardial infarction of other lateral wall, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.60	Acute myocardial infarction, true posterior wall infarction, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.61	Acute myocardial infarction, true posterior wall infarction, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.70	Acute myocardial infarction, subendocardial infarction, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.71	Acute myocardial infarction, subendocardial infarction, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.80	Acute myocardial infarction of other specified sites, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.81	Acute myocardial infarction of other specified sites, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
410.90	Acute myocardial infarction, unspecified site, episode of care unspecified	ICD-9-CM			
410.91	Acute myocardial infarction, unspecified site, initial episode of care	ICD-9-CM			
	ICD-10-CM Algorithm				
121.4	Non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction	ICD-10-CM			
121.02	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left anterior descending coronary arte	ICD-10-CM			
121.21	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left circumflex coronary artery	ICD-10-CM			
121.01	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left main coronary artery	ICD-10-CM			
121.09	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of anterior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.19	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of inferior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.29	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other sites	ICD-10-CM			
121.11	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving right coronary artery	ICD-10-CM			
121.0	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of anterior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.1	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of inferior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.2	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of other sites	ICD-10-CM			
121.3	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site	ICD-10-CM			
	ICD-10-CM Simple Forward Mapping				
121.09	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of anterior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.19	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of inferior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.11	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving right coronary artery	ICD-10-CM			
121.29	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other sites	ICD-10-CM			
121.4	Non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction	ICD-10-CM			
121.3	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site	ICD-10-CM			
ICD-10-CM Forward-Backward Mapping					
121.09	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of anterior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.19	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of inferior wall	ICD-10-CM			
121.11	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving right coronary artery	ICD-10-CM			
121.29	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other sites	ICD-10-CM			



Appendix B. List of International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) Diagnosis Codes Used to Define Acute Myocardial Infarction

Code	Description	Code Type
121.4	Non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction	ICD-10-CM
121.3	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site	ICD-10-CM
121.01	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left main coronary artery	ICD-10-CM
121.02	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left anterior descending coronary arte	ICD-10-CM
122.0	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of anterior wall	ICD-10-CM
122.1	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of inferior wall	ICD-10-CM
122.8	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of other sites	ICD-10-CM
122.2	Subsequent non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction	ICD-10-CM
122.9	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site	ICD-10-CM
121.21	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left circumflex coronary artery	ICD-10-CM



Appendix C. Specifications for Parameters for this Request

Sentinel's Cohort Identification and Descriptive Analysis (CIDA) module version 5.1.1 was used to compare the frequency of diagnoses for acute myocardial infarction using International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM) codes.

Enrollment Gap: 45 days

Age Groups: 0-17, 18-49, 50-64, 65+ years

Enrollment Requirement: 183 days for incidence scenarios; 0 days for prevalence scenarios

Coverage Requirement: Medical coverage

Event

		,						
	Query Start	Query End			Incident with	Washout	Cohort	Care
Scenario	Date	Date	Event	Event Code Type	Respect To:	(days)	Definition	Setting
1	4/1/2014	12/31/2014	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-9-CM	ICD-9-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
2	4/1/2016	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM Algorithm	ICD-10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
3	4/1/2016	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM Simple Forward Mapping (SFM)	ICD-10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
4	4/1/2016	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM Forward- Backward Mapping (FBM)	ICD-10-CM	183	First valid event only	Any
5	10/1/2010	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-9-CM	N/A	0	Any valid events	Any
6	10/1/2010	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM Algorithm	N/A	0	Any valid events	Any
7	10/1/2010	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM SFM	N/A	0	Any valid events	Any
8	10/1/2010	12/31/2016	Acute Myocardial Infarction	ICD-10-CM FBM	N/A	0	Any valid events	Any

ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM are provided by Optum360. ICD-10-CM codes were mapped from ICD-9-CM codes using the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services General Equivalence Mappings.